

# PRACTICAL WORK MANUAL RURAL AGRICULTURAL WORK EXPERIENCE PROGRAMME



Under
STUDENT READY PROGRAMME

B.Sc. (Hons.) in Agriculture



DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION
COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE
UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES
GKVK, BENGALURU – 560065
July 2021

# UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES, BANGALORE

College of Agriculture, GKVK, Bengaluru - 560065

# **STUDENT READY - RAWE REPORT**

ivanie or the stu		ID. NO	_
Cluster No.:	RSK Name:	Village:	

Name of the Student



# Department of Agricultural Extension July 2021

# UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES, BENGALURU

# COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, GKVK, BENGALURU DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION



# **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that this is a l	bonafide record	of practical work done by
	ID. No	for the Course(s) SRA
414 Extension and Transfer of Techno	ology (0+4), SRA	415 Plant clinic / Information
Centre/ Crop Museum(0+2) & SRA 4.	16 Attachment t	o KVKs/Research stations and
other units during the Second Semeste	r of 2021-22.	
RAWE CLUSTER TEACHER		RAEW Coordinator

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22.		Publishing RAWE News Letter		
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26.		Celebration of Important Days		
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# Exercise No. 1 Data Collection – Schedule A – From Secondary Sources Date: Purpose: Collecting the village information to understand the socio, economic, political, cultural, technological and infrastructural profile. **Procedure:** Thoroughly go through the Data Collection Schedule A List down the secondary sources of information to be contacted (Panchayat, RSK, Line Depts., Etc.) Assign the data collection responsibility to 2 or 3 students Get the location and contact particulars of the of the secondary information sources Contact the information sources, introduce yourself and purpose of the data collection Make a schedule of visits to the information sources Make a visit to those sources and collect the required information through referring available reports and through interaction with the officials. Triangulate the collected information with local leaders & finalise Share the triangulated and finalised information to all camping students Identify important and interesting information (for prepare Visuals for Information Centre, identifying thrust areas, SWOT analysis, etc.) **Details of Task Assignment** Name of the student Information Sources Assigned **Material Required** Schedule – A & Stationary List of Secondary sources where information is collected Location & Contact particulars of the information sources Schedule of visit to information sources **Date of Visit** Name of Information Sources

Types of information Collected

Exercise No. 2 Report on Village	Profile (Based on	Secondary Data)	Date:
	Report on the Vil	lage Information (	Schedule A)
			,
Name of the Panchayat:			
Table 1. Population of the Village	<u> </u>		
Male		No.	%
Adults			
Youth			
Children		_	
Female		_	
Adults			
Youth			
Children			
Total Population			
Table 2. Type of Houses in the Vil	lage		
		No.	Percentage to total
RCC Structure			
Tiled Roof			
Huts			
Others			
Total			
Table 3. Total Land usage  Rain fed Area			
Irrigated Area			
Forest Land			
Forages			
Others			
Total land Area (acres)			
Table 4. Sources of Irrigation for \	' Village		
		Area irriga	ted (acres)
Channel			
Tank			
Open Well			
Bore well			
Others			
Table 5. Growers in the village			
	No.		Percent to the Total
Marginal Farmers			
Small farmers			
Big farmers			
Agricultural Laborers			
Rural Artisans			
Others			
Total			

# Table 6. Crops Grown in the village last year

	Rain fed	Irrigated	Garden land
Kharif			
Rabi			
Summer			

#### Table 7. Weather

January	Average Rainfall in mm	Last Year Rainfall in mm	Average Rainy days	Last Year no. of Rainy days	Average Temperature	Last Year average Temperature
Feb						
Mar						
Apr						
May						
Jun						
Jul						
Aug						
Sep						
Oct						
Nov						
Dec						
Total						

# Table 8.Allied enterprises in the village

	No. of Families
Sericulture	
Dairy	
Sheep/ goatery	
Piggery	
Poultry	
Others	
Total	

	No. of Families	
Tractors		
Power tillers		
Sprayers		
Power sprayers		
Harvesters		
Winnowers		
Drip irrigated plots		
Sprinkler plots		
Biogas units		
Solar heaters		
Others		
Table 10. Availability of Agricultural Im		
A missiltural to size	Village	Outside
Agricultural tools		
Seeds		
Chemical fertilizers		
Spraying equipment		
Plant protection chemicals		+
others		
1.	the village	
	the village	
1. 2. 3. 4.	the village	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	the village	
1. 2. 3. 4.	the village	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	the village	
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# Table 14. Major Mass media available in the village

Mass Media	No.
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	

# Table 15. Ongoing Development programmes in the village

Name of the programme	No. of Beneficiaries	Total Plan Expenditure
Community development programmes		
1.		
2.		
Programmes for Individual development		
3.		
4.		
Programmes for weaker Sections		
5.		
6.		

Purpose: To build the rapport with the villagers through social Service

#### **Procedure:**

- Peruse the Village information collected and identify the basic needs missing in the villages.
- Go for a transect walk around the village with the classmates and observe for areas of backwardness, unhygienic, ill maintained things in the village
- Based on the above, identify the social services could be organised for the villagers benefit.
- Mobilise the human, social, financial and technological resources for rendering the social services
- Contact the few village leaders and intimate your intent to do social service and seek their support
- Make a action plan for systematically undertaking community work including local youth
- Undertake the social service activity as per the plan
- Prepare the report on the social service activity
- Present the Social Service Report in the Gram Sabha Meeting

#### **Probable Areas of Social Service**

- Cleaning of weeds/ bushes near Rural Institutions like Temple, School, Drinking Water Tanks/units, Panchayats, Post office, Primary Health Centre, Vet. Hospitals, Milk Collection Centre, Bus/ Auto Stand, Anganwadi, etc.
- Ensuring lighting of people frequenting areas.
- Teaching / Tuition for school children on Mathematics, English, etc.
- Streamlining rushes / queues in Ration Shops, Milk Points, Panchayat, Hospitals, etc.
- Organising simple educational / creative competitions for school students.
- Facilitating rural people to enrol for govt. schemes, certificates, etc.
- Liaising with Govt. officials to expedite the villagers' requirements.

#### Action Plan for Community Work - 1

Particulars	Details
Name of the Community Work	
2. Target Beneficiaries	
3. List of students involved	
4. Local Resources Mobilised	
5. Local People Involved	
6. Date(s) of conducting Community work	
7. Feedback of the Beneficiaries	
8. Appeal / support / publicity requested through beneficiaries	

#### Action Plan for Community Work - 2

Particulars	Details
1. Name of the Community Work	
2. Target Beneficiaries	
3. List of students involved	
4. Local Resources Mobilised	
5. Local People Involved	
6. Date(s) of conducting Community work	
7. Feedback of the Beneficiaries	
8. Appeal / support / publicity requested through beneficiaries	

#### **Purposes:**

- To get acquainted with and gain conference of farmers and home makers
- To obtain first hand information relating to far and home
- To advise and assist in solving specific problems and teach skills
- To sustain interest in RAWE programmes

#### **Procedure**

- Decide the contact farmer and the objective- whom to meet and what for
- Get adequate information about the topic. Refer POP or experts if needed
- Collect relevant publications and material to be handed over
- Make a schedule of visits to each of the individual contact farmers
- Call in advance and intimate your visit to his farm / home
- Decide the time of visit according to the convenience of the farmer when he/she is likely to listen
- Visit on time, create interst of the farmer and allow them to talk first
- Present the message or points of view and explain up to the satisfaction of the farmer
- Answer the questions raised by the farmers. If unable to answer, assure them to answer shortly by referring experts.
- Hand over relevant publications
- Try to get some assurances for action on the recommended technologies/varieties / strategies.
- Keep appropriate record of visit in the report
- Arrange / send committed information or material in time.
- Make subsequent visits as and when necessary.
- Make observations of the socio-economic-technological variables of the farmers and prepare the existing cropping plan and propose improved action plan for the farmer

SI. No.	Date	Purpose served / Demonstration Made / Concept introduced	Output of the farmer

Γ	

**Purpose:** Collecting the contact farmer information to understand the existing farming system, nature or practices & rationale, patterns of resource management, felt /unfelt needs, etc.

#### **Procedure:**

- Thoroughly go through the Data Collection Schedule B
- Familiarise yourself with the contextual terms used by the farmers in Kannada
- Get the lists of farmers from Village Panchayat and classify into small, medium and large farmers
- Select each one farmer randomly from small, medium and large farmers and then two more farmers from the category which has large number of farmers
- Get the house locations of the contact farmers & make a brief visit to them to inform the purpose of the experiential learning programme, data collection and clearly indicate this is not a registration for benefits.
- Interact with them to know their free time for data collection.
- Collect their contact numbers and schedule the timings for data collection from contact farmers
- Make the visit to the contact farmer in the agreed timings & collect the required information
- During the interaction insist for a visit to their farm
- Some of the information may be collected just by observation but confirm them with direct / indirect questions.
- Don't compel the farmers to cooperate to complete the data collection in one stroke. Schedule one or more visit to complete the data collection
- Fill up the memorised information and convert the values in standard units of measurements.
- Triangulate the collected information with different correlating variables within the schedule.
- Enter the data in the excel sheet format for all five farmers with unique ID and handover for village level data compilation
- List down the felt and unfelt needs, resources, gaps in technology adoption, etc. for each of the individual contact farmers
- Prepare the Farm and Home Farming System Map by depicting the existing cropping pattern, resources, etc.
- Prepare a modified Farm and Home Farming system map considering technologies available, individuals affordability, resources availability, etc.
- Prepare the individual farmers action plan consisting farming & related activities to be taken up with proper prescriptions
- During the last week of the learning programme make a visit to the same farm and home to assess the extent of adoption of modified cropping system
- Interact with the farmer to elicit the feedback on the results of the suggested technological interventions and reasons for not adoption of some of the recommended practices.

#### **Details of Contact Farmers Chosen**

Particulars	Small	Medium	Large	Farmer D	Farmer E
	Farmer A	Farmer B	Farmer C		
Total No. of Farmers in the Village				Total :	
Name of the Contact Farmer					
Farmers Unique ID for Tabulation	ALB6XXXA	ALB6XXXB	ALB6XXXC	ALB6XXXD	ALB6XXXE
Contact Farmers' Mobile Number					
Contact Farmers' Land Holding in acres					
Contact Farmers' Major Crops					
Dates of Data Collection					

Material Required: Schedule – B & Stationary

# Exercise No. 2 Report on Village Profile (Based on Secondary Data) Date: Purpose: To compile and tabulate the first hand data collected from farmers for Interpretation and list down activities to be taken up during the experiential learning REPORT ON THE CONTACT FARMERS (SCHEDULE B) Table 1. Classification of Contact Farmers according to Occupation (n= ) **Particulars** No. **Percentage** Agriculture Animal Husbandry alone Agriculture + Animal Husbandry Other combination of enterprises Total Table 1A. Classification of Contact Farmers according to Age (n= 105) **Particulars** % No. Young <35 Middle 35-55 Old > 55 Total Table 1B. Classification of Contact Farmers according to Education (n= 105) **Particulars** % No. Illiterate Primary **High School PUC** Degree & Above Total Table 1A. Classification of Contact Farmers according to Age (n= 105) **Particulars** No. % Young <35 Middle 35-55 Old > 55 Total Table 1B. Classification of Contact Farmers according to Education (n= 105) **Particulars** No. % Illiterate **Primary**

**High School** 

Degree & Above

PUC

**Total** 

Family type	No.		Percentage
Nuclear Family			
Joint Family			
Total			
Table 3. Classification of Contact Farmers	according to Land Holding (n=)		
Category	No.		%
Marginal Farmers < 2.5 acres			
Small Farmers 2.5-5 ac			
Medium Farmers 5-10 ac.			
Big Farmers >10 ac			
Total			
Table 4. Classification of Irrigation Sources	s of Contact Farmers (n= )		
	No. of Farmers*		%
Rainfed			
Channel			
Tank			
Bore well			
a. Sprinkler			
b. Drip irrigation			
c. Flood irrigation			
Table 5. Possessing of House and other fac		) lo. *	%
Own Residential House			
Cattle Shed			
Cocoon Rearing House			
Storage Godown			
Implement Shed			
Farm House			
Solar			
Biogas			
LPG			
* - Multiple Responses			
Table 6. Material Possession of Contact Fa	rmers in the RAWE Villages (n=)		
No. of Materials	No. of Farmers *		%
Radio			
Television			
Washing Machine			
Computer			
Cycle			
N. 4 1			
Mopea			
Scooter			
Moped Scooter Car / jeep Others			

Table 7. Farm equipment and Tools Possession by Conta	)	
No. of Materials	No. of Farmers	%
Bullock Cart		
Plough		
Halube		
Weeder		
Negalu		
Sprayer		
Duster		

Harvester

Power Tiller Tractor

Horticulture tools

Rotovator Total

\* - Multiple Responses

Table 8. Institutional Membership by the Contact farmers (n=\_\_\_\_\_)

Particulars	Membership	)	Office Bearer	
	No. of Farmers*	%	No. of Farmers *	%
Village Panchayat				
Taluk Panchayat				
Zilla Panchayat				
Dairy Coop.				
Farmers Coop.				
Sericulture Coop.				
Oil Producers Coop.				
Youth organisations				
Women organisations				
SHGs				
NGOs				
Others				

#### \* - Multiple Responses

Table 9. Extension Contact by the Contact Farmers (n= )

	Always		Sometimes	5	Never	
	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%
ADA						
AO						
AAO						
ADH						
SEO						
Vet. Doctor						
Extension Guide						
Agri input Agencies						
Agro- Sales Agent						
KVK						
Others						

#### \* - Multiple Responses

#### Table 10. Extension Participation by the Contact Farmers (n=

Particulars	Always	Always Sometimes Never				
	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%
Group Discussion						
Method Demonstration						
Crop Demonstrations						
Field Demonstrations						
Agri. Exhibitions						
Farmers Training						
Field Visit / Field Days						
Krishi Mela						
Exposure Visits						
Agro-Fair						
Others						

)

#### \* - Multiple Responses

#### Table 11. Informal Farm Information Channel Accessed by Contact Farmers (n=

Particulars	Always	Always		Sometimes		Never	
	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	
Progressive Farmers							
Local Leaders							
Friends							
Relatives							
Neighbours							
others							

#### \* - Multiple Responses

# Table 12. Radio Listening Pattern of Contact Farmers (n= )

Particulars	Always		Sometimes		Never	
	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%
General Programmes						
News						
Farmers Advice						
Krishi Ranga						
others						

#### Table 13. Television Viewing Pattern of Contact Farmers (n= )

Particulars	Always		Sometimes	Never		
	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%
General Programmes						
News						
Weather Forecast						
Agricultural Programmes						
others						

#### Table 14. Newspaper Reading Pattern of Contact Farmers (n=

Particulars		Always		Sometimes		Never		
			No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%	No. of Farmers	%
	Agricultural	Related						

information			
Weather reports			
Political Reports			
Other Agri-magazines			

# Table 15. Extent of Participation in Government Programmes (n= )

Beneficiary in No. of Programmes	No. of Farmers	%
0		
1		
2		
3		
More than 3		
Total		

# Table 16. Details of crops grown and yield gap during previous year

Season	Major Crops Grown	Varieties Grown	Area under cultivation	Yield obtained / ac (Quintal)	Normal Yield (Refer POP)	Yield Gap (%)
I/la a sit			Cultivation	/ ac (Quintal)	(Refer POP)	
Kharif	1	В				
	<del> </del>					
	2	Α				
		В				
	3	Α				
		В				
	4	Α				
		В				
Rabi	1	Α				
		В				
	2	Α				
		В				
	3	A				
		В				
	4	A				
		В				
Summer	1	A				
		В				
	2	Α _				
		В				
	3	A				
		В				
	4	A				
		В				

#### Table 17. Cropping Pattern Followed in the previous year

Cropping Pattern	Dry land	Irrigated	Horticulture
Mixed Cropping			
1 Main crop			
2 Other crop			
Inter Cropping			
1 Main crop			
2 Other crop			
Relay Cropping			
1 Main crop			
2 Other crop			

#### Table 18. Subsidiary Agro-Enterprises practiced by contact farmers

Enterprise	No. of farmers Practicing	%
Composting		
Vermicomposting		
Green Manuring		
Mushroom Cultivation		
Apiculture		
Seed Production		
No Subsidiary		
Others		
Total		

# Table 19. Cattle rearing pattern of contact farmers in RAWE Villages

Cattle	No. of Farmers possessing	%
Cows		
Buffalo		
Sheep		
Goat		
Poultry birds		
Piggery		
Others		

# Table 20. Adoption of Recommended Dryland cultivation practices by the contact farmers

Major Dry land Practices followed	No. farmers Adopted	of	%
1. Ploughing across the slope			
2. Leveling of plots			
3. Forming Irrigation channels			
4. Summer ploughing			
5. Deep ploughing once in two years			
6. Leveling of plots between bunds			
7. Crop rotation			
8. Incorporation of crop residues			
9. Application of composts			
10. Mixed cropping			
11. Intercropping			
12. Relay cropping			
13. Two crops cultivation			

14. Adopting Recommended varieties		
15. Use of Integrated Seed drill		
16. Bio fertilisers application		
17. Inter-cultivation across the slope		
18. Cultivating forage / fodders on small bunds		
19. Raising fodder / windbreak trees on bunds		
20. Cultivating dryland horticultural crops		
21. Established farm pond		
22. Rearing Dairy animals		
23. Adopted integrated farming system		
24. Others list. 1.		
25. 2.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	

#### Table 21. Major Marketing Channels used by the contact farmers of RAWE Villages

	No. of Farmers using	%
Middlemen		
Local Markets		
Local Santhe		
APMCs		
Farmers Market		
Others		

Table 22. Adoption of recommended cultivation practices by the contact farmers: Mention each recommended practices for the particular Major Crop \_\_\_\_\_ Grown by farmers

Sl. No.	Practices	No. of	%
		Farmers	
		Adopted	
1.	Recommended Variety – Name		
2.	Recommended Spacing		
3.	Recommended Seed Rate		
4.	Recommended Inter-cultivation practices		
5.	Recommended Irrigation Schedule		
6.	Recommended IPM Measures		
7.	Recommended Dosages of Plant Protection Chemicals		
8.	Recommended post-harvest practices		
9.	Recommended marketing channels		
10.	Other Recommended Practices		
11.			
12.			
13.			
14.			
15.			

Table 23. Adoption of recommended cultivation practices by the contact farmers: Mention each recommended practices for the particular Major Crop 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Grown by farmers

SI. No.	Practices	No. of	%
		Farmers	
		Adopted	
1.	Recommended Variety – Name		
2.	Recommended Spacing		
3.	Recommended Seed Rate		
4.	Recommended Inter-cultivation practices		

5.	Recommended Irrigation Schedule	
6.	Recommended IPM Measures	
7.	Recommended Dosages of Plant Protection Chemicals	
8.	Recommended post-harvest practices	
9.	Recommended marketing channels	
10.	Other Recommended Practices	
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		

# Table 24. List down the Major Problems faced by the famers in agriculture by contact farmers (n=\_\_\_\_)

	Problems expressed by farmers in agriculture	No. of Farmers Expressed	%
1.	Less Market price for Produce		
2.	Labour costs more than 500/ day		
3.	Labour unavailability		
4.	High Costly farm machineries		
5.	Unavailability of Custom hiring centre		
6.	Rainfall aberration / climate change		
7.	Increased Cost of inorganic fertilizers		
8.	Increased cost of Plant protection chemicals		
9.	Lack of skill in vermicomposting technique		
10.	Lack of skill in value added products preparation		
11.	Water scarcity for two crops per year		
12.	Disputes in Sharing of tank / channel water		
13.	Procedural delays in getting benefits from govt. schemes		
14.	Lack of transport facilities		
15.	Lack of infrastructures for post-harvest operations		
16.	Lack of incentives / certifications for organic products		
17.	Lack of availability of quality seedlings from government institutions during planting season		
18.	Lack of mushroom spawn for cultivation		
19.	Delay in issue of soil testing reports / recommendations		
20.			
21.			
22.			
23.			
24.			
25.			

#### Table 25. Abstract of Report and shortlisting of thrust areas and enlisting Extension Teaching Methods under RAWE 2020-21

SI. No.	Table No.	Problem Identified	Solutions Available	Major Thrust Area	Extension Teaching Methods/Activities Proposed
1.		•	•	•	•
2.		•	•	•	•
3.		•	•	•	•
4.		•	•	•	•
5.		•	•	•	•
6.		•	•	•	•
7.		•	•	•	•
8.		•	•	•	•
9.		•	•	•	•
10.		•	•	•	•
11.		•	•	•	•
12.		•	•	•	•
13.		•	•	•	•
14.		•	•	•	•
15.		•	•	•	•
16.		•	•	•	•
17.		•	•	•	•
18.		•	•	•	•
19.		•	•	•	•
20.		•	•	•	•
21.		•	•	•	•
22.		•	•	•	•
23.		•	•	•	•
24.		•	•	•	•
25.		•	•	•	•
26.		•	•	•	•
27.		•	•	•	•
28.		•	•	•	•
29.		•	•	•	•
30.		•	•	•	•

SI. No.	Table No.	Problem Identified	Solutions Available	Major Thrust Area	Extension Teaching Methods/Activities Proposed
31.		•	•	•	•
32.		•	•	•	•
33.		•	•	•	•
34.		•	•	•	•
35.		•	•	•	•
36.		•	•	•	•
37.		•	•	•	•
38.		•	•	•	•
39.		•	•	•	•
40.		•	•	•	•
41.		•	•	•	•
42.		•	•	•	•
43.		•	•	•	•
44.		•	•	•	•
45.		•	•	•	•
46.		•	•	•	•
47.		•	•	•	•
48.		•	•	•	•
49.		•	•	•	•
50.		•	•	•	•
51.		•	•	•	•
52.		•	•	•	•
53.		•	•	•	•
54.		•	•	•	•
55.		•	•	•	•
56.		•	•	•	•
57.		•	•	•	•
58.		•	•	•	•
59.		•	•	•	•
60.		•	•	•	•
61.		•	•	•	•
62.		•	•	•	•

n Preparation for Individual Contact Farmers	Date:
Existing Farm & Home Map Drawing of Farmer A	

Prescribed Farm & Home Map Drawing for Farmer A	

#### **Contact Farmer A**

Problems / Technological Gaps Identified	Technological Solutions suggested	Activities Planned
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		



Prescribed Farm & Home Map Drawing for Farmer B	

#### **Contact Farmer B**

Problems / Technological Gaps Identified	Technological Solutions suggested	Activities Planned
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

Existing Farm & Home Map Drawing of Farmer C

Prescribed Farm & Home Map Drawing for Farmer C	

#### **Contact Farmer C**

Problems / Technological Gaps Identified	Technological Solutions suggested	Activities Planned
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		



Prescribed Farm & Home Map Drawing for Farmer D			

#### **Contact Farmer D**

Problems / Technological Gaps Identified	Technological Solutions suggested	Activities Planned
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

Existing Farm & Home Map Drawing of Farmer E	
	37

Prescribed Farm & Home Map Drawing for Farmer E	
	38

Contact Farmer E				
Problems / Technological Gaps Identified	Technological Solutions suggested	Activities Planned		
1.				
2.				
3.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
	,	,		

	Summary of Activities to be taken up by the Contact farmers				
Sl. No.	Farmer A	Farmer B	Farmer C	Farmer D	Farmer E

# **Exercise No. 6 Conduct of Participatory Rural Appraisal**

**Purpose:** To emphasize flexible learning which is adaptable to the pace set by the learners and trainers and tailored to needs expressed by the participants themselves in order to enable development practitioners, government

Date:

Procedure

- List the vital information needed for programme planning which are generally elusive in interview schedules
- Select the appropriate PRA tools / Techniques listed in the table to collect the vital information
- Understand the procedure to conduct the respective PRA Tool / Technique
- Procure / Prepare the material required for conducting respective PRA tool / technique
- Schedule a date & time when farmers are free to participate in the PRA Exercise

officials, and local people to work together to plan context appropriate programmes.

- Select a venue in the village where farmers usually assemble (like milk collection point, Bus Stand, Banyan Tree, etc. )
- Invite the farmers, women & youth in the nearby area to participate
- Follow the principle of PRA while conducting (No-Hurry, Triangulation and Optimal Ignorance)
- Invite and Encourage the participants to initiate the drawing / points first
- Facilitate & Streamline the participants to express their points fully to the specific context
- Encourage the fellow participants to help the primary participants to express out more points and fine tune the points already drawn / expressed.
- Provide stationary / other materials for making the drawings more attractive and meaningful.
- Take photographs & videos of every stage of PRA exercise.
- Finally take the photographs of the output and not down important points discussed / deliberated.
- Prepare a PPT by incorporating all Photographs and make points of inference / observations that are significant for programme planning / implementation.

# Purposes for which PRA can be made

Purpose of Programme Planning / Data Collection	PRA Tools & Method
To enhance the creativity of a group, using their collective insight to derive timely	Brainstorming
solutions to a problem.	
To gain an understanding of local perceptions, opinions, beliefs and attitudes to the	Focus Group
issue(s) being studied.	
To derive the group's priorities, whilst facilitating much negotiation and consensus	Priority Grid
building by the group.	
To provide a sound qualitative picture of the situation relatively quickly	Transects / Maps
To apply other tools, in particular transects which allow in-depth analysis of individual	Resource Mapping
resources.	
To assess the variation which highlights women's and men's access to, control over	Gender Resource Mapping
and perceptions of the relative importance of certain resources.	
To present the pattern of activities related to the production, harvesting and	Crop Calendar
marketing of specified crops	
To map a critical path of actions required to create an enabling environment for	Constraints Analysis
sustainable livelihood systems.	
To rephrase each identified constraint into positive desirable conditions and detailing	Opportunity Matrix
the opportunities for innovation and change.	
To identify and assess the degree of influence which individuals, groups and	Stakeholder Analysis
institutions may have on a specified activity or project.	
To illustrate the hypothetical and possible logical relationships among individual and	Venn Diagrams
groups &	
To discern and highlight potential conflicts between different stakeholder groups or	
circumstances.	
To integrate women into the development equation and to achieve equity, rather	Gender Analysis
than equality, by taking due account of the differences in women's and men's lives,	
including those which lead to social and economic inequity for women.	

To facilitate the documentation of reality with regard to: <b>1.</b> Activities oriented towards the production of market goods and services & <b>2.</b> Activities oriented towards	Time Budget Analysis
the (re) production of the farm household.	
To provide insights into the nature of the relationship between the persons engaged	Analysis of the Relations of
in particular activities and the means used to accomplish such tasks.	Production
To identify and account for gender issues implicit in the planning, monitoring, and	Genderised Logical Framework
evaluation of research and development projects.	(Logframe)
To identify current and future movements of particular phenomena.	Trend Analysis
To capture the skills, knowledge, experiences and emotions of individuals to act out	Role Play
hypothetical situations in an uncharacteristic and unencumbered fashion.	
To entail an in-depth investigation of targeted individuals, groups and/ or events &	Case Studies
also To write description of a hypothetical situation that provides scope for analysis	
and discussion.	
To facilitate a deep understanding of the interactions among components of a	Resource Flow
farming system.	
To facilitate the determination of the socio-economic well-being of the farm and/or	Wealth Ranking
their household.	
To indicate what returns particular crops could average over time and location.	Crop Budgeting

Refer the RAWE website for procedure for conducting each of the PRA Tools

https://rawe2020.in/2021/04/14/participatory-rural-appraisal-pra/

Record the information for the following during PRA Data Capture

nt H	ealth	
a)	Varieties	
b)	Planting practices	
c)	Moulding / weeding / mulching practices	
d)	Fertilizer / Manure Use	
e)	Field Sanitation	
f)	Pesticide application regime / proper use of pesticides	

g)	Pest Problems	
h)	Nutrition / Other Problems	
""	Nutrition / Other Problems	
.,		
i)	Seedling Stage	
.,	Manadal' a Glass	
j)	Vegetative Stage	
1.3	Makanika Chama	
k)	Maturity Stage	
l)	Decision-making re: application of	
''	pesticides and fertilizers	
m)	Satisfaction re: control of major	
,	pest and diseases	
n)	Knowledge of beneficial and	
	harmful insects in the field	
	lutrition & Integrated Soil Manageme	nt:
o)	Land preparation operations	
p)	Slope and soil type on farm	
	, ,,	
q)	Rainfall pattern	
r)	Source of water in dry season	

s) Method of irrigation	
t) Mulching	
u) Fertilizer / Manure application	
v) Farming system(s)/models	
w) Soil Fertility	
x) Testing	
y) Acidity	
z) Liming	
aa) Soil Management	
bb) Problems	
cc) Conservation methods	
dd) Tree Cover	
ee) Tree Replacement	
ff) Livestock rearing	

gg) Use of manure from on farm livestock	
hh) Sources of organic waste for composting ii) On farm	
jj) In community	
Overall assessment of the local diversity: watersheds	
Soil types	
Rainfall, etc.	
Classification of major farm types.	
Cataloguing of farm(er) practices (Soil and water management / plant health)	
Identification and prioritization of constraints to improve Soil / crop productivity	
Plant Health	
opportunities to improve farm productivity (agronomic and market/ economic)	
Opportunities to enhance the capacity for ecologically sound soil and crop management.	

# **Exercise No. 7 Conduct of Gram Sabha**

Date:

**Purpose:** To publicise the intent of RAWE programme and to seek the support & cooperation of the village administration and people for extension interventions.

#### Procedure:

- Collect the contact particulars of Panchayat President, Members and Secretary.
- Contact the President of the Village Panchayat and detail him on the purpose and proposed activities of RAWE
- Enquire if any Gram Sabha meeting is scheduled in a week time to include introduction of the RAWE student to the villagers. If not, request the Panchayat president to convene a special Gram Sabha to introduce the RAWE team among villagers and to seek support for villagers' participation.
- Schedule the meeting of the students and assign the tasks based on abilities and situational considerations.
- Prepare a list of invitees consisting officials from local development departments, Rural institutions, representatives of Panchayat, Farmers Associations, SHGs, Opinion Leaders, Youth and Women Groups, etc.
   & invite them orally or with invitation leaflet.
- Make a Tom Tom announcement in the village indicating the date, time and venue of the special Gram Sabha Meeting
- Make simple Dias arrangement for Gram Sabha and decide the protocol in consultation with the Panchayat Secretary.
- Arrange for Portable Public Address System with built in Battery Back Up.
- Prepare a programme of Special Gram Sabha consisting welcome, purpose of RAWE, duration of Stay, introduction of students, Brief Presentation on the Schedule A & B Reports, Problems identified, Thrust Areas for Action, important activities to be conducted.
  - o Prepare an outline of RAWE activities and present with a PPT containing last year RAWE activities
- Start & conclude Programme in time as scheduled.
- Get the feedback from the Gram Sabha participants and try to accommodate their request in the action plan
- Thank all the participants and seek fullest cooperation for all the activities planned in the village.
- Make announcement / distribute of refreshments for the participants.

**Assignment of Task to Specific Students** 

Meeting with	Inviting Guests &	Venue, Dias, Mic	Anchoring by	Welcome Address
Panchayat President	Tom Tom	Arrangement for		
& Secretary	Announcement	Gramsabha		
Invocation Song by	About RAWE	Introduction of	Report on Village	Problems identified
		Students		
Thrust Areas	Activities proposed	Guests Address	Feedback of	Presidential Remarks
Identified			Participants	
			·	
Vote of Thanks	Proceedings of the	Registration of	Refreshment	Revised Action Plan
	Meeting	Participants	Arrangement	
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Sl. No.	Prescribed Activity	Extent of	rmer A Farmers Feedback	Reason for Non Adoptio
oi. NO.	Prescribed Activity	Adoption	rarmers reedback	Reason for Non Adoption
		7 talepateri		
		F-	D	
l. No.	Prescribed Activity	Extent of	rmer B Farmers Feedback	Reason for Non Adoption
140.	Trescribed Activity	Adoption	Turmers recuback	neuson for Non Adoptio
		•		
		Ea	rmer C	
I. No.	Prescribed Activity	Extent of	Farmers Feedback	Reason for Non Adoptio
	•	Adoption		·
-				
		+		

l. No.	Prescribed Activity	Extent of	Farmers Feedback	Reason for Non Adoption
		Adoption		
			armer E	
. No.	Prescribed Activity	Extent of	Farmers Feedback	Reason for Non Adoption
		Adoption		

Purpose: To demonstrate the Frontline Agricultural Technologies to the farmers on the lines of Experimental Farm

#### **Procedure**

- Identify a progressive and risk bearing farmer who can spare 250-300 m<sup>2</sup> area of land on the road side.
- Interact with the farmer on the intention to establish a crop museum & get his concurrence for sparing land and other resources like water.
- Contact with the scientists and list down the 20 frontline agricultural technologies suitable for demonstration in the agro climatic situation of the village.
- Contact and confirm the sourcing of required quantity of seed / planting material from the research stations / projects / nurseries.
- Prepare a PPT of the frontline technologies with photographs, rationality, economic benefits, etc and present it during the night meetings.
- Prepare a layout of the crop museum with proper sized plots, inter-cultivation space, placing fast growing plants on the rear side, etc. and allocate the crops to each of the plots planned.
- Prepare the land for crop museum plots by weeding, irrigating, levelling, protection, drainage, etc.
- Make the perfect layout and Prepare the calendar of intercultural operations for each plot .
- Take up the sowing / planting operation by properly following moisture, spacing, method of planting, etc.
- Prepare nursery of same seeds/plantings with poly bags to fill the gap due to poor germination, drought, damage, etc.
- Take weekly photographs of the crop museum and contact the concerned experts in case of any problems.
- Prepare a Display Board / Flex Banner indicating the Crop Museum Layout with the list of frontline technologies demonstrated & mention the contact number for queries from the farmers.
- Carryout the timely inter-cultivation and critical operations as per the calendar of operations without fail.
- Prepare the A4 Sized labels for each of the plot indicating the frontline technologies with the need / economic importance of the technology. Print the labels with bold and readable sizes and laminate them.
- Place the plot labels at appropriate height considering crop height & Visibility angles and adjust them on a weekly basis.
- Whenever possible, take the farmers to the crop museum and interact with them on the technologies demonstrated & attend the farmers' queries on the frontline technologies on the spot and also over phone.
- Assess the plant population in the plots, take up thinning operation / gap filling & maintain optimal plant population in the initial stages.
- Link the farmers with the available sources of seeds / planting material of the frontline technologies.
- At the stage when many of the plots have reached harvesting stage schedule an exhibition & invite all the farmers, officials, dignitaries and leaders to visit the crop museum.
- Inaugurate the crop museum with local leaders / guests & ensure each plot is manned with one student to explain the frontline technologies in detail.
- Collect the feedback of the farmers on the technologies demonstrated and forward the same to the scientist / experts who had developed them for refinement / out scaling.
- Use the progressive farmer who had spared the land for developing case studies, documentaries and as master trainer in future training in the nearby areas.

Frontline technology	Rationale / Importance	Scientist Name & Mob. No.
1.		
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24.		
<b>25</b> .		

yout Drawing of the Crop Museum		
1.	12.	
2.	13.	
3.	14.	
4.	15.	
5.	16.	
6.	17.	
7.	18.	
8.	19.	
9.	20.	
10.	21.	
11.	22.	

Question	Answer	
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25.		

Feedback on the technologies demonstrated				
Technology	Farmers Feedback			
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
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6.				
7.				
8.				
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10.				
11.				
12.				
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21.				
22.				
23.				
24.				
25.				
/=	oncorned scientists who developed them for refinement / out scaling)			

# **Exercise No. 10 Establishment of Farm Information Centre**

Date:

**Purpose:** To serve as "single window" support system for farmers at village level by linking them with the outputs of research stations, schemes of development departments, Services of NGOs & KVKs and Input Agencies and providing agricultural consultancy services for better decision make and problem solving exercises.

#### **Procedure**

- Identify and enlist the felt and unfelt needs of the farmers
- List down the important problems in farming, Technological Solutions available and thrust areas for action
- Elicit and Provide active and complete information support for immediate use by farmers
- Collect the information on the schemes and programmes of development departments & give publicity in the village through announcements, posters, leaflets, etc.
- Facilitate the farming community in availing various government benefits by highlighting schemes in operation, eligibility criteria, filling out relevant forms & follow-up the processing of applications.
- Provide consultancy services to the farmers on through diagnosing pest/ disease specimens/symptoms, prescribing alternate farming system plan, collection and processing of soil samples for testing, etc.
- Facilitate the farmers to enrol for Extension SMS services, Training programmes, entrepreneurship programmes, subscription to Farm Magazines, etc.
- Make an assessment of input needs of contact farmers, search out all the sources of input (NARS, DDs, KVKs, NGOs, Input Agencies, Plant Nurseries, Progressive farmers, etc.) & publicise their availability & cost.
- Establish a sales counter for delivering need based critical inputs, seeds, plantings, books, spawn, kits, etc.
- Collect extension literature on the major crops, like folders, Books (Good Agricultural Practices, Package of Practices, Agricultural Books, Agricultural Magazines, etc.) and make them available for sale on cost basis
- Provide feedback to research stations on the performance of inputs, varieties and technologies linked through Farm Information Centre.
- Schedule and conduct Video Conferencing on important topics between farmers and agricultural experts using online conferencing platforms like WhatsApp, Zoom, Skype, etc.
- Maintain a register of all farm queries, visitors, participants, etc.

List of falt and unfalt n	ands of farmers

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#### **Problems in farming & solutions & Action Planned**

Problems in Agriculture	Technological Solutions Available	Thrust Areas / Actions planned

# **Report on Support / Services Extended through FIC**

Area of support	No. of Farmers supported
Information on varieties, availability & Cost	
Information on Technologies	
Information on Govt. Schemes / Programmes	
Information on Training opportunities	
Information on Market Prices	
Information on plantings availability / cost	
Information on inputs availability / cost	
Information on specific inputs like spawn, nurseries, etc.	
No. of posters / charts prepared & displayed in FIC	
Profile of the Village	
Ongoing schemes	
Recommended Varieties / Technologies	
Soil Health & Nutrition Management	
-	
Water Management     Post and Disease Management	
Pest and Disease Management     Daim Management	
Dairy Management	
Value addition and Human Nutrition	
Good Agricultural Practices	
Remunerative Allied Enterprises	
Market Management	
Rural / Agricultural Institutions	
Recycling & Cost Reduction	
Farmers Organisations	
No. of leaflets / folders distributed	
No. of farmers facilitated for enrolment in Govt. schemes	
No. of soil samples collected	
No. of Soil Health Cards distributed	
No. of pest / disease symptoms diagnosed & remedies prescribed	
No. of farmers enrolled for Market SMS	
No. of farmers enrolled for Market Intelligence	
No. of farmers enrolled for KVK SMS	
No. of farmers enrolled for Climate SMS	
No. of farmers enrolled for Trainings in KVKs, DATC, University, RUDSET, etc.	
No. of alternate Farming System Plan prepared	
No. of consultancies provided on Pest / Disease management	
No. of consultancies provided on farm inputs	
No. of consultancies provided on Post harvest Processing	
No. of consultancies provided on Value addition, grading, branding etc.	
No. of consultancies provided on Market linkage, intelligence, price forecast.	
No. of social media groups formed	
No. of Social Media Messages Disseminated from FIC	
No. of subscriptions canvassed for Agricultural Magazines	
No. of Extn. Literature and Agricultural Books Sold & Sale Value	
No. of Critical inputs sold through FIC & Value	
No. of feedback given to the scientists for refinement / up scaling	
No. of Video Conferencing arranged for farmer – scientist interaction	
No. of Night Meetings Organised at FIC	
No. of Video Shows Presented	
No. of PPTs presented	
No. of Models prepared	
No. of Videos Uploaded into YouTube Channel	

# **Exercise No. 11. Organising Training Programmes**

Date:

**Purpose:** To impart skill among farmers to carryout improved farm practices or to undertake modern methods of farming.

#### **Procedure:**

- Decide a suitable training topic from the thrust area of the village in which farmers need to acquire skills to practice modern farming techniques,
- Schedule the training programme at the time when farmers are relatively free from major farming operations.
- Select the farmers who are really having interest, need and resources for the training.
- Also ensure that the farmers identified have the minimal required abilities to understand the topic and communicate freely.
- Collect relevant literature available on the topic
- Identify suitable resource persons to cover the topic & invite them in advance indicating date, time and venue and available physical facilities.
- Prepare a detailed programme schedule for the training indicating topics, experts, assistants, lunch timings, exposure visits, etc.
- Intimate the detailed programme and logistics arranged in advance to the trainer and trainees.
- Arrange logistics and other facilities as requested by the resource persons & as assured to the trainees.
- Make available the material required for conduct of training, demonstration etc. from the village / sourcing from input agencies.
- On the day of training receive the farmers, enter their name, contact number and address into the training register.
- Make the inauguration formalities to be minimal and conduct the training as per schedule.
- Extract the significant information related to the topic from Village Report & Contact Farmers Report and present before start of the training
- Facilitate the expert to deliver the topic with occasional interaction with the trainees and also conducting method demonstrations.
- Encourage the trainees to have hands on experience on the demonstrations & ask queries to the expert for clarification.
- Assign the farmers to prepare a modified action plan for their farm incorporating the concepts covered in the training and insist for immediate implementation of modified action plan
- Document the programme with significant points delivered by the expert, important farmers' queries, modified action plan prepared and action photographs taken during the training.
- Get the farmers feedback on the content and method of training programme.

# **Examples of Training programmes**

- Bakery Training
- Value Addition Training
- Online Marketing
- Climate Change
- Credit Awareness Programme
- Honey Bee Rearing
- Stall rearing of Goat

# List of Training programmes organised

SI. No.	Date	Thrust Area	Title of The Training	No. of participants
1				
2				
3				

4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
Detaile	d Report of the Training – 1				
1. Thru	st Area				
2. Title	of the Training Programme				
3. Date	of the Training Programme				
4. Prog	ramme indicating details of	Identified Topics & Experts			
5. Table	e of Relevant Village informa	ation on the Thrust Area			
6. Exte	nsion Literature collected /	Prepared for the training			
7. Mate	erial arranged for conducting	g training / demonstration			
8. No. of Trainees Participated in the training					
9. Deta	9. Details of Method Demonstrations Conducted				
10.Deta	ils of Exposure Visits Arrang	ed			
11.Deta	ils of Modified Action Plan F	repared by trainees			
12.List o	12.List of Farmers' Queries				
13.Farm	ners Feedback Received				
14.Actio	on Photos of the Training pro	ogramme			

Detailed Report of the Training – 2		
1. Thrust Area		
2. Title of the Training Programme		
3. Date of the Training Programme		
4. Programme indicating details of Identified Topics & Experts		
5. Table of Relevant Village information on the Thrust Area		<u> </u>
6. Extension Literature collected / Prepared for the training		
7. Material arranged for conducting training / demonstration		
8. No. of Trainees Participated in the training		
9. Details of Method Demonstrations Conducted		
10. Details of Exposure Visits Arranged		
11. Details of Modified Action Plan Prepared by trainees		
12.List of Farmers' Queries		
13.Farmers Feedback Received		
14. Action Photos of the Training programme		
	<u> </u>	

Detailed Report of the Training – 3		
1. Thrust Area		
2. Title of the Training Programme		
3. Date of the Training Programme		
4. Programme indicating details of Identified Topics & Experts		
5. Table of Relevant Village information on the Thrust Area		
6. Extension Literature collected / Prepared for the training		
7. Material arranged for conducting training / demonstration		
8. No. of Trainees Participated in the training		
9. Details of Method Demonstrations Conducted		
10. Details of Exposure Visits Arranged		
11. Details of Modified Action Plan Prepared by trainees		
12.List of Farmers' Queries		
13. Farmers Feedback Received		
14. Action Photos of the Training programme		
	<u> </u>	

Detailed Report of the Training – 4		
1. Thrust Area		
2. Title of the Training Programme		
3. Date of the Training Programme		
4. Programme indicating details of Identified Topics & Experts		
5. Table of Relevant Village information on the Thrust Area		
6. Extension Literature collected / Prepared for the training		
7. Material arranged for conducting training / demonstration		
8. No. of Trainees Participated in the training		
9. Details of Method Demonstrations Conducted		
10. Details of Exposure Visits Arranged		
11. Details of Modified Action Plan Prepared by trainees		
12.List of Farmers' Queries		
13.Farmers Feedback Received		
14. Action Photos of the Training programme		
	L	

Detailed Report of the Training – 5		
1. Thrust Area		
2. Title of the Training Programme		
3. Date of the Training Programme		
4. Programme indicating details of Identified Topics & Experts		
5. Table of Relevant Village information on the Thrust Area		
6. Extension Literature collected / Prepared for the training		
7. Material arranged for conducting training / demonstration		
8. No. of Trainees Participated in the training		
9. Details of Method Demonstrations Conducted		
10. Details of Exposure Visits Arranged		
11. Details of Modified Action Plan Prepared by trainees		
12.List of Farmers' Queries		
13.Farmers Feedback Received		
14. Action Photos of the Training programme		
	I	

# **Exercise No.12. Conducting Method Demonstrations**

Date:

**Purpose:** To demonstrate the farmers how to do a new agricultural practice or an old practice in a better way.

#### **Procedure:**

- Choose a new agricultural technology or improved practice in the identified thrust area for demonstrating to the farmers.
- Collect the relevant literatures on the technology and understand it fully.
- In case of technology that is of complex nature, better invite the expert to do the demonstration.
- Prepare the step by step procedure to conduct the method demonstration
- Collect all the material required for conducting method demonstration from the farmers, input agency and Agricultural experts / scientists.
- Invite the farmers to participate in the demonstration and inform the timing / event when the demonstration will be conducted.
- Make a rehearsal of the demonstration once with your classmates before the actual method demonstration to ascertain your competence of demonstration as well as to avoid embarrassment in front of farmers.
- In case of difficulty in demonstration contact the scientist / expert and get clarified
- At the time of method demonstration, briefly highlight the purpose of the method demonstration & its beneficial parameters for the farmers
- Ask the farmer participants to form a wide circle so that all of them can view the demonstration clearly.
- Carryout the demonstration step by step without any haste as per the procedure developed by you.
- Take photographs / videos covering every step of the demonstration.
- Ask the farmers after every step to ascertain whether they have clearly understood. If not repeat the step once again.
- Once all the steps of the demonstration are completed invite one or two farmers to have hands on experience on the technology demonstration.
- Facilitate the demonstrating farmer to carry out each step properly
- Document the feedback of the farmers on the technology demonstrated.
- On successful method demonstration, motivate the farmers to practice the technology in their farm
- Liaise with the sources of demonstration material and make them available to the farmers for adoption.
- Distribute the related extension literature like leaflet/ folders to the farmers.
- Prepare a PPT of the demonstration by incorporating pictures / videos of every step and use as AV aid in subsequent extension educational programmes.
- Edit the videos with appropriate titles and publish the method demonstration in the YouTube & share it to the farmers group to serve as future reference.
- At the end of the camp, assess the extent of adoption of new method by the farmers in the village & also forward the farmers feedback to the scientist / expert.

# **Examples of Method Demonstrations**

- Honey Bee Colony Transfer
- Panchagavya Preparation
- Seed Germination Seed Quality
- Seed Treatment
- Root Feeding
- Installation of Pheromone Trap
- Azolla Feeding to Milch Animals

#### **Method Demonstrations Conducted**

Demonstrator	Date of	Thrust	Title of Demonstration	Purpose of	No. of	Extn.
Name	Demo.	Area		Demonstration	Farmers	Literature
					Participated	Distributed
1.						
2.						
3.						

4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
13.			
14.			
15.			

Step by step procedure followed by you

Method Demonstration - #	Method Demonstration - #
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.
5.	5.
6.	6.
7.	7.
8.	8.
9.	9.
10.	10.

**Material Used for Conducting Method Demonstration** 

Material	Quantity	Purpose	Cost (Rs.)

Feedback of the	- f			d	
FOODDACK OF THE	3 Tarmore	ON THE P	MOTHAN I	apmonei	raten

- •
- •
- •
- •

Web Link of the PPT & YouTube Video Published for sharing

- •
- •

**Extent of adoption of Technologies Demonstrated** 

Method Demonstration	% of Adoption	Reasons for low / non adoption	Feedback to the Scientist
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			

7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
12.		
13.		
14.		
15.		
13.	<u> </u>	

Purpose: To educate farmers intensively on an agricultural issue that needs their attention and immediate action.

#### **Procedure:**

- Identify an important agricultural issue that needs farmers' attention and immediate action during a
  particular period. (Parthenium Awareness Campaign on start of monsoon, Seed treatment Campaign –
  during on start of Kharif Season Sowing, Kharif Campaign Just Before Monsoon Season, FMD / Vaccination
  Campaign etc.)
- Write a letter to the concerned officials, experts to conduct the campaign and get their confirmation of date for participation in the campaign
- Make an estimate of material required for conducting the campaign
- Choose a suitable place where farmers can come easily and space for demonstration, diagnosis, treatment etc.
- Explore for the sponsors for conducting campaign and try to involve ongoing scheme to source required campaign material.
- Prepare & Handover Letter Inviting the development officials ADAH, DDAH and requesting cooperation from their local units by deputing staff and extending material available with them.
- Prepare a banner / charts indicating the title, date and place of campaign and place them at strategic points where farmers are like to frequent.
- Prepare the draft campaign leaflet by indicating the title, purpose, demonstrations / services to be offered, Cost, details of experts participating etc.
- Get the approval of the RAWE Teacher, go for DTP Designing, Proof read, Get confirmation again from RAWE Teacher and Print required number of copies
- Distribute the invitation to the relevant local institution officials one week in advance with a request to participate in the campaign with material.
- Involve related input / service organisations also to participate in the campaign by putting sales point / service point (Like KMF Route Doctor, KMF Inseminator, Vet. Pharmacist, Pesticide Agent, etc.)
- Put the required level of Shamiana Pendal Arrangement for shade/seating for farmers, briefing by the expert and officials, etc. and arrange for Public address system for the programme
- Publicise the campaign through distributing leaflet and announcement through Portable Public Address Systems / TomTom.
- Invite the local media personnel to participate in the event and give coverage in the media.
- On the day of campaign make registration of the participants and regulate the crowd with tokens for diagnosis and display boards indicating what service / demo / diagnosis / Vaccination / free material is provided.
- Make small groups of farmers for conducting method demonstrations batch by batch.
- Arrange for required logistics for the campaign like installation of Animal Cage, Patient Beds, Tables for Demonstration, Storing Material, Water for Drinking, Hand Wash, etc.
- Once farmers have assembled make a briefing by the expert on the importance of campaign followed by
  officials narrating schemes / services rendered by them to address the issue
- Since the campaign duration would be for multiple hours arrange for snacks, tea, breakfast and working lunch for the officials, expert, organisers and participants
- Collect charts, posters and banners on the agricultural issue and good management practices and display during the campaign for farmers observation
- Collect important videos on the agricultural issue and arrange for Video Show for the waiting farmers
- Take photograph, video of important stages, events, activities, etc. and make PPT for use in night meetings / other training programmes
- Make a draft write up of the proceedings of the campaign for publishing in the press and send through mail with HD quality photographs
- At the end of the programme thank the participants and felicitate the experts / officials for their cooperation
- After the end of programme dismantle the arrangements and restore back the materials from where they
  were sourced

- After one week of the campaign collect the feedback from the participating farmers and ascertain what an extent the campaign has served the purpose and farmers have taken action on the expectations.
- Liaise with the local input / service agencies to provide / have sufficient stock to sell the material demonstrated / recommended during the campaign to the farmers.

# Areas of Campaigns

- Soil Testing Campaign
- Kharif Campaign
- Seed Treatment Campaign
- Parthenium Awareness Campaign
- Animal Health Campaign
- FMD Vaccination Campaign
- Mass Tree Planting Campaign
- Clean India Campaign

# Details of Campaign - 1

Agricultural Issue	
Title of the Campaign	
Experts involved	
Material Required	
Development Department Schemes clubbed	
Date of the Campaign	
Place of the Campaign	
Timings of the Campaign	
Development Departments involved	
Local institutions involved	
Officials participated	
List of sponsors	
Letter seeking support & Direction	
Places where campaign banners were displayed	
Leaflet Prepared	
No. of leaflet printed and Distributed	

Input / service agencies collaborated	
List of Local Officials participated	
List of media invited and participated	
No. of farmers participated	
No. of diagnosis & prescription given	
No. of Demonstrations conducted	
No. of Animals vaccinated	
No. of Animals Vaccinated	
No. of free samples / Material distributed	
Proceedings of the campaign	
Material for press Coverage	
No. of press coverage published on media	
List of Related charts, posters displayed	
List of related videos shown to the farmers	
Link of the Photo / video / PPT Albums published	
Feedback of the participating farmers	
Extent of resolving the agricultural issue	
	1

# Exercise No. 14 Documenting of Indigenous Technical Knowledge (ITK) Practices Date:

**Purpose:** To document the Traditional Wisdom in Agriculture from the farmers of the region.

#### **Procedure:**

- List down the traditionally grown agricultural crops and practices of the region
- List down elderly farmers in the village aging above 60 years
- Prepare a schedule containing items pertaining to seed to seed operations followed in the traditional crops and methods.
- Call for a focus group meeting with the senior farmers to discuss the traditional farming and reasons behind them
- If focus group meeting is difficult to conduct meet the farmers individually and interact on ITKs followed.
- Ask them to tell in detail interesting stories of their childhood in involving agriculture, festivals, ceremonies, Panchayat, droughts, clashes, milestones, etc.
- Ask sub queries on those event and fallout on agriculture practices
- Note down all the Indigenous practices from seed to seed including post harvest processing and even marketing.
- Explore to document rationale behind each of the practices as perceived by their elders.
- Take photographs / videos of the all the material used in traditional agriculture, storage structures, tools used, pesticides, etc.
- Finally thank the farmers for their cooperation
- List down all ITKs and rationale for those practices in tabular format
- Send these practices to the concerned scientists / experts for validating through experiments.

#### **Details of Documentation**

No. of elderly farmers Contacted	
No. of ITKs documented	
Dates of Focus Group Meeting / Data Collection	
List of Important traditional incidents (Festivals,	
Ceremonies, Panchayat, Clashes, Droughts, Floods,	
Milestones etc.)	
Link of the ITKs photo albums/videos	
List of Experts and No. of ITKs referred for validation	

# **List of ITKs & Rationale**

ITK	Rationale

#### **Exercise No. 15 Publicizing & Documenting Farmers Innovations**

Date:

**Purpose:** To kindle the farmers' innovative thinking, document the farmers' innovation and understand the practical needs and scientific rationale behind the innovations.

#### **Procedure:**

- Collect cases and videos of farmer innovation though browsing internet and proceedings of farm innovators meet conducted at various places.
- Select the farmer innovations with videos that are relevant to the local farming context and identify the practical need and scientific rationale behind those innovations.
- Get the expert opinion on the farmers' innovation for referral to the local farmers.
- Convene a meeting for interaction with few identified progressive farmers and rural youth and make a presentation of description, Visuals and videos farmers innovations
- Kindle the interest of the farmers by asking them to identify the practical need and scientific rationale behind each innovation.
- Ask the participants on the possibility of adopting these farm innovations in their farming system and reasons for acceptance and rejection.
- Enquire the participants had they or people known to them have made any attempts to innovate to resolve any issues in agriculture and document them.
- Also document their practical need & scientific rationality behind the farmers' innovation.
- Appreciate the promising innovations and make visit to their farm/home and document in detail their innovation with photographs and video
- Discuss these innovations with the experts visiting the village and get reconfirmation on the rationality and sustainability of the innovations.
- Make a presentation of innovations that are endorsed by experts back to the farmers during a night meeting.
- Recognise those farmers who made innovation by presenting a memento in the exhibition programme to be conducted at the end of the camp.
- If number of farmers' innovations is significant in number, then provide a separate stall for them to exhibit their innovation in the final exhibition.

#### Details of Farmers innovation introduced and documented

Existing	Farmer	Innovator	Farmer	Practical	Need	for	Scientific	Rationale	Scientist	/ Exp	erts
Innovations	collected	Name		innovation	1		behind	the	opinion	on	the
that are relev	ant to the						Innovation	ı	innovatio	n	
locality											
1.											
2.											
3.											
4.											

5.										
6.										
7.										
8.										
9.										
10.										
List of	Farmers	Innovator	Farmer	Practical	Need	for	Scientific	Rationale	Scientist / Ex	kperts
innovation	s reported	Name		innovation	า		behind	the	opinion on	the
from the lo							Innovation		innovation	
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										
6.										
7.										
8.										
9.										
10.										
<u> </u>		l		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	

#### **Exercise No. 16. Conduct of Rural Sports / Competitions**

Date:

**Purpose:** To bring out competitive spirit and alternate thinking among farmers through playing of rural sports, competitions, games, etc. and recognising them.

#### **Procedure:**

- List down the rural sports / games / competitions suitable for different groups i.e. farmers, farm women, Youth and children.
- Modify the difficulty levels or rules of the game so that there would be sufficient enrolment for the participation and easy to handle the event without difficulty in terms of time, disputes, etc.
- Finally select each one event for both the genders of farmers, youth and children
- Frame the step by step rules for participation in the event along with the details of materials organisers will arrange and material the participants need to bring.
- Discuss with the students group on the correctness of the rules and possibility of arriving right number of participation.
- Decide on the number of winners in each category and decide type of prizes for them.
- Decide on the undisputable juries for conduct of the competition and finalising winners.
- Explore the sponsors for prizes of the competition from input agencies, local leaders, etc.
- Give publicity of the event along with timings, venue, registration dates and rules for participation.
- Arrange for security / safety / first aid / precautionary measures to counter any exigency.
- Record the competition through video and photographs for documentation and also to support juries
- Print the certificates mentioning the event, position and winners and procure mementoes for participants.
- Intimate in advance the date, time and venue of prize distribution to the sponsors and participants and ensure their participation.
- At the end of the day or during exhibition meetings schedule the distribution of prizes and certificates.

#### **Examples of Games**

Farmers	Ploughing / Sowing / Planting / Transplanting / Harvesting / Spraying Competitions				
	Developing Integrated & sustainable Farming System Models, Milking, Cropping Plan for the				
	month, Agricultural Quiz - ITK, etc.				
Farm Women	Rangoli Competition, Kitchen Gardening, Milking,				
	Value Added Products preparation				
	Cooking / Recipes preparation , Agricultural Quiz - ITK				
	Sowing / Planting / Transplanting / Harvesting competitions				
Youth Men	Lifting and running with fertilizer Bags, Pit Making, Method Demonstration,				
	Charts on Modern Concepts in sustainable / competitive Farming				
	Entrepreneurship Challenge Games, Milking				
	Calculations for arriving Fertilizer Ratio, Agricultural Quiz - ITK				
Youth Women	Entrepreneurship Challenge Games, Milking,				
	Charts on Modern Concepts in sustainable / competitive Farming				
	Nursery Making, Kitchen Garden, Agricultural Quiz - ITK				
	Calculations for arriving Balanced Nutrition				
Boys	Drawings on sustainable farming / Integrative farming / Resource conservation, clean				
	environment, traditional games, Agricultural Quiz - ITK				
Girls	Drawings on sustainable farming / Integrative farming / Resource conservation, clean				
	environment, traditional games, Rangoli, Agricultural Quiz - ITK				

#### **Details of Competition organised for men**

Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	

Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	
Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable	
gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
Consequent for the accept / prince	
Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	
Data the of Garage Mills and a street for	
Details of Competition organised for women	
Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	
Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	
Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable	
gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	
Details of Competition organised for Youth-men	
Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	
Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	

Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	
Offiline link for the photo abarny video coverage	
Details of Competition organised for youth - women	
Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	
step by step hales prepared for the event	
Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	
Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable	
gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	
Details of Competition organised for Boys	
Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	
Funcies identified for any direction 0.1 dates at the	
Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	
Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable	
gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	

Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	
Details of Competition organised for Girls	
Name of the Competition	
Intended Competition Participant Type	
Step by Step Rules prepared for the event	
Experts identified for conducting & judging winners	
Winners and Runners of the Event	
Prizes given for the winners and runners	
Mention the highlights of the event, appreciable	
gestures witnessed during the games, Examples of	
innovativeness, out of box thinking, etc.	
Sponsors for the event / prizes	
Online link for the photo album/ video coverage	

#### Exercise No. 17. Video Shows, Video Production & Online Publishing & Sharing

Date:

**Purpose:** To produce Videos on the Front Line Agricultural Technologies and to publicize through online and offline channels.

#### **Procedure:**

- Form a small team of students interested in photography, videography, editing and internet technologies.
- Discuss and shortlist frontline agricultural technologies for which videos can be produced in the village utilising the cropping season, farmers and other resources.
- Collect all relevant literature on the frontline technologies and prepare a full written script for the audio
- Also collect technology related visuals, video and audio from of open source. In case you want to use of others media, get the permission for the use.
- Now prepare the 'Q' sheet detailing the specific shot with duration, material required, script, actors, etc.
- Arrange for audio and video recording equipments that are minimum of High Definition standard
- Have a practice on handling each and every feature of those equipments by selected students
- Decide on who will be on the screen Acting / Narrating / demonstrating the each of the shot. Accordingly rehearse on the script.
- Decide on suitable time preferably in the morning and evening so that special lightings may not be required.
- Once the rehearsal is made on acting and handling equipments schedule for shooting with all materials and persons as per the Q sheet.
- Make the shooting of the video as per the q sheet and transfer the recorded video in to storage devices and computers for further editing
- Prepare PPTs consisting related visuals, titles that would be better inform the content of the technologies
- Make the Audio recording where ever required and music collections where voice are not there in the video
- Now edit the video by removing unnecessary or repeated contents and insert the voice and music, transition, etc. at appropriate places.
- Preview the edited videos with your classmates and seek their opinion for comments and improvement.
- Accordingly make the modifications, editing and ensure the edited video is matching the duration as intended.
- Include the credentials to all who have involved and supported for video production.
- Publicizing video to the farmers through distributing Video CDs, Publishing in Websites, Blogs, YouTube, and sharing on social media like Whatsapp, Facebook, etc.

#### **Video Production Plan**

Frontline Technology Chosen	
Students Team	
Literature Collected	
Script for Video	
AV collected	
Actors / narrator / demonstrator	
Editing by	
AV Visuals / insertions / titles	
Publishing / sharing by	

#### Q sheet

<b>Shot Description</b>	Script for the shot	Materials	Camera instruction	Insertions

PPT link :
Link of Audio Recorded :
Date of video preview :
Feedback on preview :
Details of support for Video Production :
•
•
•
Media in which Video published / shared :
•
•
•
Links where video published / shared
•
•
•
•

**Purpose:** To exhibit charts, models, specimens etc. in a systematic way around a latest theme in agriculture for the benefits of farmers of the in and around the camp village.

#### **Procedure:**

- Convene a meeting of the students one month in advance to decide on the theme, Venue, scale of exhibition and allocating various organising responsibilities.
- Choose a latest agricultural theme for the exhibition that needs immediate attention of the farmers.
- Decide the date, venue and timing of the exhibition considering the villagers farming and other commitments
- Decide on the mini teams or committees to take up the responsibilities like Programme Planning, Invitation & Publicity, fund mobilisation, crop cafeteria, Shamiana & Public Address System, Exhibitor Management, Stage management, logistic arrangements, felicitation & VIP engagement, etc.
- Write letters well in advance to appropriate authorities like Police Inspectors, Taluk Educational Officers, etc. and get permission/ cooperation for conducting exhibition.
- Finalise the list of attractions in the proposed exhibition, prepare a posters on it and display them ten days in advance at strategic points of the villages like milk collection centre, Panchayat Office, Temple, RSK, etc.
- Prepare the list and contact particulars of probable exhibitors like development departments, input agencies, research stations, training institutions, rural institutions, Civil society Organisations, SHGs, Farmers Associations, etc.
- Contact the exhibitors in two weeks in advance to request for participating in the exhibition by putting a stall to exhibit their product and services. Continue liaise with them by reminding and facilitating till the exhibition is over.
- Systematically allocate the stalls & open space on enterprise wise, organisation wise, etc. and communicate the stall numbers allotment details to individual exhibitors.
- Prepare the invitation by strictly following the protocol and get the clearance of the final invitation from the Extension teacher, local officials and local leaders.
- Meticulously Design & Print the invitation a week in advance without a single error by repeated proof reading and confirmation of the extension teacher.
- Make publicity for the exhibition two days in advance by distributing the printed leaflet/ invitation and announcements through portable public address system in the village and nearby villages.
- Prepare symbolic and working models, specimens of pest and disease symptoms, charts on the technologies identified under theme of the exhibition and systematically place them in the exhibition area.
- Prepare a simple and balanced menu for the participants and invitees of the exhibition and outsource the cooking and serving to the local caterers.
- Make proper space arrangements and service personnel for drinking water, distribution of food, dining, hand wash to avoid crowing.
- Make the dias arrangement with tables and chairs to accommodate key invitees, officials and experts as per the protocol decided.
- Place the banner at a height clearly visible to the audience after seating of the dignitaries on the dias.
- Make simple decoration of the dias with flowers, rangoli, etc.
- Make the logistics arrangements like bouquet, Lamp, Prizes, Water, Snacks, etc. to be available at right time.
- Before start of the programme seek blessings of the God by doing simple Rashi Pooja with grains & implements.
- Inaugurate the event with the dignitaries on the dias.
- Make the Shamiana arrangement considering seating arrangements for the number of farmers likely to
  participate, space for walking in the centre, walking space between stalls and audience and emergency exit
  point.
- Complete the Shamiana and stage erection in the previous day of the exhibition.
- On the day of exhibition, make arrangement for receiving the invited guest at a farmer's house to refresh before start of the exhibition programme.
- Settle all the committed expenses of the exhibition and return all the martial borrowed and hired in good condition without fail.
- Arrange the lunch arrangement for the invitees and guests separately in a farmers house

- Prepare a detailed programme schedule of the exhibition day programme and confirm its sequence.
- Prepare and deliver the welcome address covering all the invitees, farmers, exhibitors, officials, media personnel, logistic service providers, fellow students, etc.
- Schedule the presentation of the certificates to the winners, mementos to the supporters, felicitations, etc. at last before the presidential address.
- Prepare the report of the RAWE chronologically and present them along with highlights of coverage and impact created in the village.
- Invite one or two farmers to give their feedback on the important learnings and activities taken up as consequent of the camp in the village.
- Prepare the script for anchoring by one male student and one female students are present
- Plan for a small procession from the temple of the village to the exhibition venue via the main streets of the village and crop museum.
- Briefly describe the concept of the crop museum and impact created to the guests and farmers by manning each plot with a student to explain.
- The programme needs to be organised without any interruption. Hence arrange for alternate public address system, generator/UOS arrangements as a contingent measure.
- Explore the support of the organisation who can sponsor in kind with their products like butter milk, snacks, bakery items for the participants.
- Establish 5-8 stalls by RAWE students with the display of all their AV aids and models prepared during the camping period.
- Print Labels, Name Boards, Directions, Banners, Participation Certificate etc. in time and place them at appropriate places.
- Collect the exhibition stall charges as indicated to the exhibitors and distribute Participation Certificates to them.
- Organise Rural Sports activities for farmers, children, rural youth and women farmers and keep ready the results with their certificates / prizes for distribution in the dias programme
- Propose vote of thanks to all invitees, farmers, exhibitors, officials, media personnel, logistic service providers, fellow students, etc.
- Collect back all material used for exhibition and return them to the appropriate person
- Carefully un-mount the posters, models, specimen, etc and hand over them to the schools of the village for use.

#### **Exhibition Plan**

Date of Exhibition Meeting	Theme of the Exhibition	Date of Exhibition	Venue	Expected No. of participants

#### **Organising Committees / Teams**

Programme Committee	Invitation, protocol	Fund mobilisation & Settlement	Crop Cafeteria	Shamiana & Public Address System
Exhibitor Management	Stage management	Logistic arrangements	Felicitation	Invitees Hospitality
Stall Management	Students Stall	Publicity	Press Coverage	Catering Management
Models and Specimen Preparation	Photograph, AV Recording & Publishing	Dias committee	Seating & Space Management	Finance

#### Dias Programme with time dimension:

Activity	By whom	Time	Duration
Temple Pooja			
Procession			

C 1 1 1							
crop Muse	um Visit						
Rashi Pooja	a at the venue	!					
Exhibition	Inauguration						
Anchoring							
Invocation							
Welcome a	address						
About RAW	VE						
RAWE Rep	ort						
Inauguratio	on						
Inaugural A	Address						
Expert Talk	: 1						
Expert Talk	x 2						
Guest Addı	ress 1						
Guest Addı	ress 2						
Felicitation	1						
Presidentia	al Address						
Vote of Tha	anks						
Lunch							
Details of I	Rural Sports c	onducted & Winne	ers				
Sports for	F	armers	Youth	Women		Children	
Activity							
Winner	-						
Runner							
Runner Prize given	1						
Prize given		felicitated with me	ementoes				
Prize given		felicitated with me	ementoes				
Prize given	porters to be	felicitated with me	ementoes				
Prize given List of Supp Name of the Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered		ementoes				
Prize given List of Supp Name of the Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti	felicitated with me	ementoes	Ir	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered		ementoes	lr.	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	lr en	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	lr	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	l r	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	l r	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	lr	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	lr	mpact in the v	village	
Prize given List of Supp Name of th Role Reme	porters to be ne Supporter embered the RAWE acti		ementoes	lr	mpact in the v	village	

				1		
- 11 1 6:1 6		•-•				
Feedback of the farm	ners during the Final Exhib	ition				
•						
•						
•						
•						
•						
Anchoring Scripts						
Male anchor			Female anchor			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
•			•			
List of participating of	organisations		<u> </u>			
	Development	Earmore	Accociations	Training Institutions	Others	
Input Agencies	Departments	Farmers Associations Tra		Training institutions	Others	
Content of Stalls esta	ablished by RAWE Student	ts				
Theme of the Stall	1 2		3	4	5	

Technologies					
Displayed					
	_	_	_		
Theme of the Stall	6	7	8	9	10
Technologies					
Displayed					

#### Major sponsors & Expenditures

Sponsor	Amount (Rs.)	Expenditure Head	Amount (Rs.)	Sponsor in Kind	Value (Rs.)
		_			
Total		Total			
		Balanc	e e		

Media Coverage Message with Photograph

#### **Exercise No. 19. Publishing RAWE News Letter**

Date:

**Purpose:** To publicise significant activities of the RAWE programme through publishing monthly newsletter and circulating among the stakeholders.

#### **Procedure:**

- Document the RAWE activities from day one to till end of the camp with taking action photographs and writing event dairies.
- Conduct a meeting to decide three teams numbering 3-5 members for publishing monthly newsletters
- Look for significant information from dairies, observations, reports and RAWE manual and select 15-20 items for the newsletter.
- Prepare a list of offices, local institutions, departments, notice boards where the newsletters could be distributed and decide the number of copies to be printed.
- Make a brief write up for 8-10 lines on each significant event which tells about the title, speaker, and purpose served, place and number of farmer participants.
- Design a newsletter in MS Word for four pages with narrow margin. Align and format text and relevant photographs properly by placing them inside tables.
- Prepare a draft foreword and meet the University officer through RAWE Teacher and get approved copy for publishing in the newsletter.
- At the end of the newsletter, give a white space for writing address.
- On finalisation of all contents for newsletter, take a print out and get the approval of the RAWE teacher
- Take the soft copies and original quality photographs to the printer and sit with them to design the newsletter and get the proof.
- Circulate the proof copies with the RAWE teacher and few classmates and ensure that any errors present are duly corrected and any additions are incorporated without changing the layout.
- Indicate the name of the publisher of the newsletter at the end and number of copies printed.
- Give a brief account of upcoming events for the next month
- Collect the printed newsletter and release the newsletter immediately by an important person during a RAWE event.
- Write the addresses and fix the stamps on the newsletter and post them. Arrange to place the newsletter on important offices' notice boards.
- Widely circulate the soft copies of the newsletter in PDF to all stakeholders through email, WhatsApp and website, blogs, etc.

**Newsletter Editing Teams** 

Month	<b>Editorial Team</b>	No. of copies	Events covered	Released by	No. of persons
		circulated			circulated through PDF
July					
August					
September					

List of contacts for newsletter posting						

**Purpose:** To organise or participate in an extension educational programme through collaboration with other agencies for mutual benefits of the organisations in serving the farming community.

#### **Procedure:**

- Firstly assess the areas where you are in need of other agricultural organisational support in organising extension educational programme
- Secondly assess the areas where your abilities can be better utilised by agricultural organisations in organising extension educational programmes
- Propose the extension educational programmes that can be organised in your village with the support of external agencies that are also in operation in your area.
- Schedule a meeting with the external agencies and clarity of roles that can better be played by you and seek the type of collaboration you need from the external agencies.
- Once agreed on the roles to be played at the local operational level, get concurrence for the collaborative programme from controlling officers on both side.
- On clearance from both the controlling officers, again meet with the external agencies to chalk out the
  modalities for organising (title of the programme, venue, date, protocol, No. of participants, list of Guests,
  Experts and invitees, Mode of publicity, Accounting, Budgeting, Press coverage, event report, etc.)
- Carefully prepare the programme plan by properly balancing all the stakeholders and get concurrence before publicizing the event with invitations, posters, etc.
- Collaborate in the event by carrying out the agreed upon roles actively.
- Cooperate with the external agencies to complete remaining procedural formalities like documenting, accounting, reporting, etc.
- Thank the external agencies for the opportunity to organise / collaborate in the programme and be in touch for future programmes

#### **Examples of Collaborative Programmes**

- RSK Subsidised Seed Distribution
- Kharif Campaign
- Seed Treatment Campaign
- Input Agency Sponsored (Nutrient / Pest / disease)
- KVK Sponsored Training Programmes

#### **Suggested Areas of Collaboration**

Expression of Areas of Collaboration	Areas of External Collaboration
Arranging logistics for mega events	Sponsoring prizes, inputs, for organising larger events
Identifying right beneficiaries for govt. programmes	Assured Supply of critical inputs, Kits, etc for out scaling
	technologies, conducting demonstrations
Conducting Demonstrations at multiple locations	Participating in RAWE Exhibition with products / services
Putting an exhibition Stall	Sparing of space, material, logistics, equipments for
	conducting extension educational programmes
Field Assessment for govt. programmes	Support in organising agricultural competitions / Games
Processing of farmers applications	Support in regulating crowd and ensuring safety and
	security
Facilitating for distribution of agricultural inputs	Support in production, editing, telecasting and publishing
	of videos on frontline technologies.
Data collection and Report generation for scheme	Publicity for RAWE programmes organised in village
implementation	
Identifying suitable farmers for conducting on farm	Designing and printing of AV aids required for RAWE
Testing, Result demonstrations, seed production, etc.	
Mobilizing farmers for large agricultural events	Sparing of experts, AV aids and agricultural equipment
	for organising extension programmes
Accompanying farmers for exposure visits	Sparing of facilities for video conferencing with experts
Identifying suitable farmers for undergoing training	Sparing of natural resources like water

programmes by KVK/DATC	& land for crop museum / demonstrations	
Pooling of farmers requirement & Collective processing	Mobilizing farmers organisation, groups for RAWE	
, , ,	Celebration of important days in Agriculture	
implementation of projects in the village		
Celebration of important days in Agriculture	Supply of required seedlings / plantings	
Facilitating in data entry of villagers / farmers	Sparing of community halls for RAWE programmes	

## List of Collaborative Extension educational programmes conducted by you

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- •
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- •
- •

## List of Collaborative Extension educational programmes supported by you

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Purpose: To demonstrate / assess the performance of new agricultural technology in farmers' field condition under the guidance of the scientist.

#### **Procedure:**

- List down the that are ready for release or in final stage of field trials
- Understand the important beneficial parameter over existing technologies
- Contact the scientist who have developed the technology and get the seeds or sample material for conducting the trial / demonstration
- Inform the local extension agency about the trial/demo to be conducted & identify a progressive risk bearing farmer in consultation with the local extension agency to conduct the demonstration / trial. Preferable the plot should be easily accessible and visible to the villagers.
- Intimate with the farmer on the purpose of trial / demonstration is to asses or compare the performance new technology over the existing technology.
- Request him to spare small portion of his regular crop are for conducting the trial / demonstration.
- Invite the local extension agency official to visit the demo plots at critical stages
- Inform the farmer not to venture to adopt the technology on large scale as the technology is at field trial, it may have a risk of failure also.
- Also inform the farmer to strictly follow his existing methods for the main land as usual and strictly follow the scientist instructions in the demo/trial plot and not to mix up the practices of trial and usual crop.
- Make a clearly visible marking line that differentiates the main plot and trial plots and also label the main plot and trial plots.
- Prepare a board / flex indicating the details of demonstration / trial indicating the technology, date of trial, etc.
- Take photographs / videos at different stages of growth and document the parameters as instructed by the scientist and send to him.
- In case of other issues like pest, disease, deficiency etc. consult in time with the scientist and facilitate the farmer to take up the corrective measures immediately.
- As the crop reaches the harvest stage or technology assessment stage schedule and organise a field day by inviting the farmers of the village and nearby.
- Ensure the presence of the scientist, local extension agencies for the field day and the farmer who cooperated for conducting the trial.
- At the field day, facilitate the farmers to himself explain the purpose of the trial / demo and his opinion on the performance of new technology in comparison with the existing technology.
- Take the farmers to the field to observe the differences of two categories of plots and document the feedback of the participant farmers.
- Seek the support of the extension agency for out scaling the adoption of demonstrated technology in the village.
- Prepare a case study, press/TV coverage on the field day conducted with the opinion of the farmers and publicise the successful demonstration through mass media.
- Use the farmer who conducted the demo/trial as master trainer in the training programme to be organised in the village subsequently.
- Follow up the success with liaising with scientist / input agencies and arrange for the new inputs for adopting the technology by the convinced farmers of the area

#### List of promising technologies under pipeline selected for conducting demo / trial

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- •
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- •

Format for Report of Demonstration / Trial conducted - 1	
Scientist / Expert who developed the technology	
Farmer who was involved in conducting demo/trial	
Important beneficial parameter of the technology over existing	
technology	
Area of the Main Field	
Area of the Trial / Demo Field	
Quantity of specific inputs given for the demo/trail field	
Important parameters on which data collected in both plots for	
comparison	
Link of the photo / Video album of different stages of Demo.	
Dates of visit of acceptant to the planes where	
Dates of visit of scientist to the demo plots	
Dates of visits of local extension personnel to the demo plots.	
Dates of visits of local extension personnel to the demo plots.	
Feedback of the demonstrating farmer, participant farmers &	
extension agents on the new technology	
extension agents on the new teemiology	
Case study prepared on the demonstration	
, pp	
Press / TV coverage prepared for the mass media	
<u> </u>	

#### **Exercise No. 22. Conduct of Night Meetings**

Date:

**Purpose:** To get practical experience of communicating agricultural technologies to the farmers through selected combination of extension teaching methods during RAWE Camping period.

#### **Procedure:**

- Identify the thrust areas for addressing problems of the RAWE Village through PRA / Analysis of primary data collection
- Enlist the technological solutions and options available to address the felt and unfelt needs of the farmers on the identified thrust areas.
- Collect exhaustive extension literature on the thrust area and technologies identified for extension work
- Decide on the various agricultural contents worth of transferring to the farmers
- Convert the content into messages, skills etc. and identify the best extension teaching method suitable for communicating / empowering / reaching the farmers effectively and efficiently by the students team.
- List down all the possible extension programmes and sequence them according to cropping season, farmers availability, free time and expert availability, coinciding with local events, collaborating with agricultural agencies, etc.
- Make the announcement of the frequency of night meetings to be conducted, venue and timings in the Gramsabha and appeal to the farmers to participate on a regular basis.
- Also enlist the type of programmes and content needed by the farmers and incorporate them into the exhaustive list.
- Make a plan for total number of night meetings and plan for each of the night meetings.
- Each of the night meeting duration should not exceed two hours and it should contain mix of multiple methods like lecture, Presentation, demonstration, video show and discussions.
- Form sub team of students for each night meeting and assign the task of delivering the content and rest of the team to manage all other logistics for the meeting.
- Do rotation of the all the responsibilities among all the students so that everyone gets exposed to each of the task.
- Collect & prepare AV aids on the topics chosen and rehearse with student friends. For demonstration also collect required material and rehearse once.
- Prepare a notice board to write the topics and methods to be covered in the next night meeting and place it in strategic place where many farmers can frequent and get communicated easily.
- Start the programme in time with the introduction of the problem identified, then presenting the status of the problem in the village, normal practices followed by the farmers and the technological solutions available.
- Instead of presenting topic from one side interact with the farmers through queries then and there.
- Play the related videos / visuals to the farmers to support the concepts and technologies.
- After the topic and technologies, conduct demonstration by the students and also hands on experience by the farmers.
- Finally have an interaction session with the farmers on the content and method demonstration and also ascertain whether they are ready to accept and adopt the technological interventions in their farm.
- List down the farmers who are willing to adopt and try to facilitate them in adopting the new technologies
- List down the reasons for rejecting / postponing the adoption and transfer their feedback to the scientist / extension agency for redress.
- Finally inform the farmers on the contents planned for next night meeting, thank them for their participaton and seek their cooperation to participate on regular basis.

#### **List of Thrust Areas of Action and Technologies Solutions**

Thrust Area	Topic of Technological Solutions

List of Night Meetings Date of Night Meeting	, content covered and E Mini – Theme for Night Meeting			nods Used Extension Teaching Methods Chosen	Student Handled ETM
Framers involvement List of farmers' Queries	Farmers involved in Method Demo.	No. of accepted adoption	farmers for	Reasons for Rejecting the Tech.	Reasons Adoption Postponement
Feedback Transmitted Feedback to the Scien	l back to the Research & tists	ε Extension S		to the extension agencie	es

#### **Exercise No. 23. Celebration of Important Days**

Date:

**Purpose:** To sensitize farmers on the importance of significant event, personality, achievement, situation, etc. so as to motivate them to upheld the spiritual action in the farming.

#### **Procedure:**

- List down the important days during the camping period
- Understand the rationale / importance behind the celebration of important days
- Collect important initiatives taken in the past on those days, related literature on the event for distribution.
- Look for other relevant agencies who may also be interested to celebrate the day.
- Have a meeting with those agencies and work out the place of celebration of the day, scale of the
  celebration in terms of number of participants to be invited and specific roles to be played in individual
  collaborators.
- To kindle the young minds on the celebration, organise competitions and evaluate them for prizes.
- Look for an eminent personality to deliver motivational speech to the audience else choose one among your team to take that responsibility.
- Think over the importance and its relevance in present days agriculture and social situation of farmers
- To uphold the spirit of the event, work out and propose customised action plans for agriculture.
- Make a speech / presentation of the action plan and express your commitment to cooperate with the stakeholders.
- Then seek the type of collaboration with all other stakeholders.
- Distribute the certificates and prizes for the competitions organised for young minds.
- Exhibit the related literature for sale and free distribution
- Take photographs / video of the event and publicize through mass media.
- Prepare the report of the programme for further reference.

List of important days celebrated

Date	Celebrated as	Importance / Significance	Motivational Speech by	Agencies collaborated	Actions solicited from participants

**Competitions organised** 

Date	Name of the competition	Organised for	Winners

#### **List of important days**

DATE	Celebrated as
28th February	National Science Day
21st March	World Forestry Day
22nd March	World Water Day
18th April	World Heritage Day
22nd April	Earth Day
22nd May	International Day for Biological Diversity
31st May	World Anti -Tobacco Day

5th June	World Environment Day / World Milk Day
8th June	World Ocean Day
17th June	World Day to Combat Desertification and Drought
1st – 7th July	Vanamahothsava Day
11th July	World Population Day
9th August	International Day of the World's Indigenous People
15th August	Independence Day
16th September	International Day for the Preservation of the Ozone Layer
28th September	Green Consumer Day
2nd October	Gandhi Jayanthi
4th October	World Animal Welfare Day
First Monday of October	World Habitat Day
13th October	International Day for Natural Disaster Reduction
16th October	World Food Day
5th September	Teachers Day
8th September	International literacy day
14th November	Children's Day
11th November	National Education Day
20 <sup>th</sup> November	Universal Children's Day
26 <sup>th</sup> Nov.	National milk day
4 <sup>th</sup> Dec.	Agricultural Women Day
23 <sup>rd</sup> Dec.	Farmers Day – Kisan Divas
3 <sup>rd</sup> Dec.	Agril. Education Day
16 <sup>th</sup> July	ICAR Day
12 <sup>th</sup> July	NABARD Foundation Day
5 <sup>th</sup> Dec.	World Soil Day
15 <sup>th</sup> Oct.	Intl. day of rural women
6 <sup>th</sup> oct.	World Food Security Day
6 <sup>th</sup> oct.	World Wild Life Day
4 <sup>th</sup> Oct.	World Animal Day
3 <sup>rd</sup> Oct.	World Nature Day
8 <sup>th</sup> Sep.	International literacy Day
2 <sup>nd</sup> Sep.	World Coconut Day
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SI. No.	Date	Type & No. of Samples Collected	Significant Observations on the results	Recommendations made	Farmers Feedback

Exercise No. \_\_\_\_\_Conduct of RAWE Flagship Programmes - Soil & Water Testing

Exercise No	_Flagship Programme on Linking Farmers with On-going schemes / Programmes of Developmen
Departments	

Report on the extension linkage with development departments

SI. No.	Name of the development programme & Department	Type of linkage made	Benefits derived by the farmer	Outcome and feedback of farmers
1				

SI. No.	Name of made	tne	demonstration	No. of attended	farmers	Benefits derived by the farmer	Outcome and feedback of farmers
1							
	1			l			

## Exercise No. \_\_\_\_\_Flagship Programme on Collection and Display of Pest and Disease Symptoms of Major Crops

SI. No.	Major Crop	Name of the pest/ disease symptom collected	Method of Preservation and Display	Farmers Queries on the symptom / specimen	Precautionary / control measures recommended
1					

## Exercise No. \_\_\_\_\_Flagship Programme on linking University technologies / Varieties

Report on the promotion of the University technologies

SI. No.	Name of the Technology / Variety / Strategy	Farmers Requirements arisen	Inputs / Programmes / Linkage made	Farmers Feedback on UAS Technologies
1				

### Exercise No. \_\_\_\_\_Flagship Programme on Entrepreneurial Development Activities Taken up

Students need to propose the entrepreneurial idea to the farmers considering the resources, technologies and business opportunities and need to take up entrepreneurial activity on a small scale and give the experience and results in the following format.

SI. No.	Crop / Enterprise	Entrepreneurial Idea suggested / Taken up	Entrepreneurial Activity (Product/Service) taken up	Outcome / Feedback on the entrepreneurial activity (Savings / Earnings)	Agri-Startup Proposed (for Sales/ Service/ upscale)
1					



# **University of Agricultural Sciences, Bangalore**

## Report of the course

## SRA 416 Attachment to KVKs/Research stations and other units (0+2)



**Include one major Action Photo** 

Submitted by			
Name of the Student:		ID No.:	
	Batch:		

2021

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION

College of Agriculture, GKVK, Bengaluru

## SRA 416 Attachment to KVKs/Research stations and other units (0+2)

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Ex. No.	Unit/Visit	·	Date

## **GIVE ONE PAGE REPORT FOR EACH UNIT/ VISIT / ACTIVITY**

Significant Queries & Observations made during the visit / activity

- •
- •
- •
- •

- •

Skills learnt / Knowledge gained / Attitude Changed in you:

- •
- •

## **Practical Experience Gained (list the aspects):**

•

One significant Action Photo with caption at bottom:



RAWE teacher, students and village leader interacting on organising RAWE inaugural programme

How the learning is going to benefit you in farmers' entrepreneurship development activities?

•

